



John Parry Medical Centre

57 Williams Road
(cnr Williams Road & Scott Street)
Narrogin 6312
Tel: 9881 1100. Fax: 9881 4301
Website: jpmedical.com.au



FREE TO TAKE HOME!

AUGUST-SEPTEMBER 2016 EDITION



Nocturnal Enuresis



Restless Legs Syndrome



Men Reaching Out



Hay Fever

YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT:

ENJOY THIS FREE NEWSLETTER

Please remember that decisions about medical care should be made in consultation with your health care provider so discuss with your doctor before acting on any of the information.
www.healthnews.net.au

● PRACTICE DOCTORS

Dr Alan Kerrigan

Dr Peter Beaton

Dr Mariet Job

Dr Nnaji Nwoko

We provide a comprehensive family medical service – quality care in a friendly, relaxed atmosphere.

● VISITING PROFESSIONAL

Kane D Nankiville

Narrogin Podiatry

Tuesdays 9am – 5pm

Appointments made at reception or phone **9881 1100**. Home visits on request.

● PRACTICE MANAGER

Heather

● PRACTICE NURSE

Kelly and Michelle

● RECEPTION STAFF

Jane, Leanne, Caroline and Sandra

● SURGERY HOURS

Monday to Friday 9am – 5pm

Saturday Closed

● AFTER HOURS & EMERGENCY

For medical emergencies dial **000**.

For urgent after hours care go to the Narrogin Hospital or phone

9881 0333 where a Dr is on call.

● OTHER SERVICES OFFERED

- Cardiographs
- Vaccinations
- Visiting Podiatrist
- Spirometry

● SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

Flu vaccinations are now available

Facility Fees. Facility fees cover the costs of consumables used for patients of JPMC. Additional costs will be charged for the insertion and removal of Implanon and Mirena, infusions and dressing packs. Other consumables will be added over time. There is a list of fees at the front counter for your information. Please discuss these costs with staff so you are aware of any out of pocket expenses before they are incurred.

Referrals. Doctors in our surgery are competent at handling all common health problems. When necessary, they are able to draw opinion from Specialists, and if need be, refer you for further investigation. Please note: all initial referrals will require a consultation with the doctor. **Any follow-up referrals will require 5 days notice and may incur a charge.**

Test Results. Results are checked daily by the doctors. If they need to be followed up, the doctor will either:

- Call directly to discuss them or
- Doctor will advise you about follow up at your appointment or
- Request a member of the reception staff will call you to make an appointment to come into the clinic to discuss results

Repeat Prescriptions. To order a repeat prescription **a charge is applicable**, please speak to our reception for further information.

Despite our best intentions, we sometimes run late! This is because someone has needed unexpected urgent attention. Be assured when it comes your turn the doctor will give your problem the time it deserves. Thank you for your consideration.

● APPOINTMENTS

Consultation is by appointments, made during surgery hours. Urgent cases will be seen on the day or dealt with via the phone.

Home Visits. If you wish your doctor to make a home visit, please call the surgery first thing in the morning.

Booking a long appointment. If you want an insurance medical, review of a complex health problem, counselling for emotional difficulties, or a second opinion, please book a longer appointment. This may involve a longer wait but your problem will get the attention it deserves. Please bring relevant letters and test results from other doctors.

Please notify us if you are unable to attend an appointment, well in advance.

Online bookings

You can now book appointments online 24/7. Go to our website jpmedical.com.au and follow the links to book your appointment.

Billing Arrangements

Accounts must be paid on the day.

Those patients with Concession Cards and children under 16 years are eligible to be bulk billed.

Payment can be made by cash, cheque, credit card, EFTPOS or direct debit.

Direct debit details: **BSB: 086-852 Acct: 83 912 2652** and a notation saying that a remittance notice with the account holder name and invoice number is to be emailed to: practicemanager@jpmedical.com.au

▶ Please see the Rear Cover for more practice information.

Fibroids of the uterus

Fibroids are non-cancerous growths of the muscle of the wall of the uterus, the same muscle that contracts to 'squeeze' the baby out during childbirth. Fibroids are usually multiple, anything up to the size of a grapefruit. Although the reason they occur is poorly understood, fibroids are relatively common—about 50% of women over 30 have them. But only half of these women will show symptoms from them, such as menstrual problems, pressure on the bladder or bowel and abdominal pain.

Menopause, with its reduction in female hormones, usually causes fibroids to shrink. Fibroids do not turn into cancers.

Fibroids in women of childbearing age can cause problems with infertility. They can distort the cavity of the fallopian tubes or uterus and interfere with sperm transport or embryo implantation, as well as predispose to miscarriage, premature labour and excessive bleeding after birth.

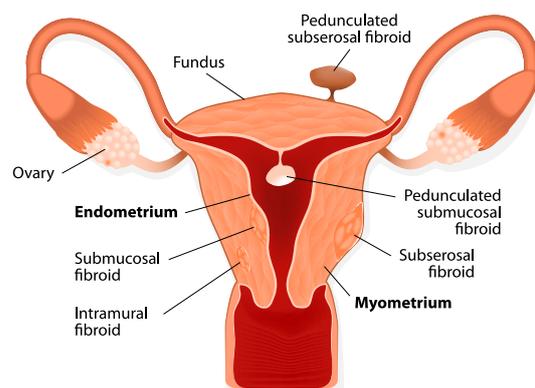
Treatment of fibroids is unnecessary where there are no symptoms but regular check-ups track their growth – usually physical examination and ultrasound scan.

Symptoms from uterine fibroids are the most common reason for hysterectomy in women aged under 50.

An operation that avoids hysterectomy (e.g. in women who want more children), is to remove individual fibroid(s) from the uterus (called *myomectomy*).

For women close to the menopause, drug treatment can be prescribed to bring on an early menopause and shrink fibroids – but drug side effects are best discussed with your doctor.

A procedure called fibroid embolisation is available to shrink fibroids. This procedure is



suitable for some women who do not wish to have children or a hysterectomy. It involves cutting off the blood supply to fibroids to cause them to shrink by 60-80% over the next two months. It is done by passing a very fine tube (or catheter) via the artery in the groin into the main artery of the uterus. Here, fine synthetic particles about the size of sand are injected where they travel to the fibroids to block their blood supply. There is some pain (like period cramps) after the procedure. ■

Weblink www.britishfibroidtrust.org.uk/embolisation.php

Nocturnal Enuresis

Some 10% of 10-year-old children are not fully dry at night. This is not common knowledge because it is not discussed. In some cases it is a structural problem with the bladder or kidneys but generally it is because the child is not waking up when the bladder is full. It is not laziness.

Most children will get bladder control during the day between the ages of two and three and at night by age five. There is no 'correct' age to act; if nature has not sorted itself by age of seven it is more likely help will be needed.

Talk to your GP about the problem, who has heard it lots of times. There is no need for your child to be embarrassed or lack self-esteem – it may be important in the family to gently focus instead on sleep disruption, laundry workload and costs.

Diagnosis is on history. A general examination may be done and also a urine test ordered. Simple first-up measures are restricting fluids after six o'clock and emptying the bladder before bed.



Star charts can help depending on the child but take care they don't cause stress, which can worsen the problem.

Night alarms, which trigger as soon as the sheets get wet, wake the child thus reinforcing

the connection between waking and the need to pass urine. These can be hired through chemists or at continence centres.

Medications to reduce urine production or strengthen the bladder sphincter can also be used but are rarely needed. ■

Weblink www.continence.org.au/pages/bedwetting.html

Questions for the Other Person

- What brings on sinus infections in people with allergy?
- Men more often complain of physical symptoms of depression – true or false?
- What is 'fibroid embolisation'?
- About what age is it worth seeking assistance with bedwetting?

Restless Legs Syndrome

As many as one in 10 people may have trouble getting to sleep because of restless legs syndrome (RLS). This condition causes unpleasant sensations in the legs, often described as 'tingling', 'creeping' or 'pulling'.

Although RLS can happen any time, it occurs most often when trying to get off to sleep, and is more common in women and older people. One in four pregnant women get RLS during their third trimester.

The unpleasant sensations are relieved by movement so, not surprisingly, people with RLS move their legs around a lot,



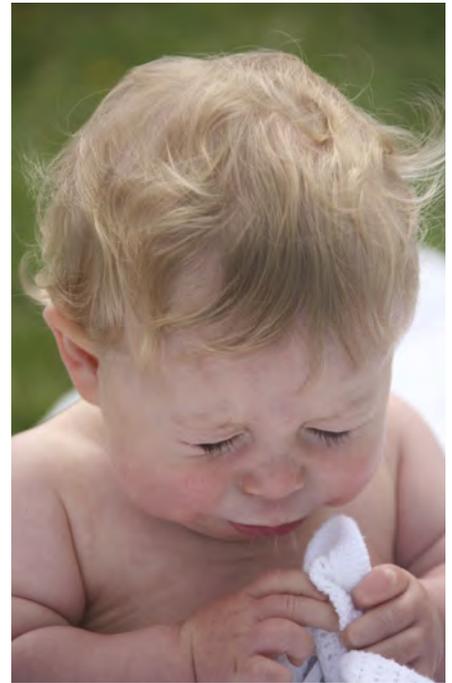
often to the annoyance of the person sharing their bed!

There is no known cause, although we see RLS more often in some medical conditions, including iron deficiency anaemia, kidney disease, diabetes and arthritis. Certain drugs can increase leg restlessness in some people.

The first step in managing RLS is to correct any problems that may be making it worse.

Iron supplements help some people, and your doctor might review your medications.

Reducing caffeine, nicotine and alcohol may help. Some people respond to stretching exercises after regular exercise, or to relieving stress. Some medications may help – ask your doctor. ■



Hay Fever

Springtime is when grass and tree pollens, along with mould spores, can flood the air we breathe and cause allergy symptoms for some allergic people.

The classic "hay fever" is a springtime runny nose, sneezing and itchy watery eyes, all worse outdoors and especially on windy days. (People with symptoms all year round may be allergic to non-seasonal things like household pets or dust mite.)

This combination of nose, eye and perhaps sinus symptoms is because the body is overreacting due to allergy. Allergic antibody (IgE) binds to allergen (e.g. pollen), which starts a reaction that releases hormones into the lining of the nose and eyes (e.g. histamine).

Chronic allergic reactions cause eventual swelling of the mucous membranes – the end result is excess mucus, a blocked nose, sinus congestion and sometimes an itchy throat. Chronic sinus congestion can bring on infections.

Treatments are many, most available over the counter from the pharmacy. Many focus on blocking the effects of histamine or stopping its release (e.g. antihistamines). Nose sprays or eye drops may contain mild cortisone. Some need a prescription.

There are ways of being tested for allergies and in some instances being 'desensitised' to what you are allergic to. If symptoms are mild there is nothing wrong with using a tissue and riding it out until the season passes.

Talk to your doctor about what is best for you. ■

Men Reaching Out

Men who find themselves without a partner, friends or parents in middle-age often lack the social support to help them cope. This means the impact on their physical and mental health can be big.

BeyondBlue research has linked social isolation and loneliness to high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke and depression – the risk to life can be up to five times higher from these things.

We know that social networks are vital to protect against depression – so men with lower social supports are more vulnerable to psychological distress.

BeyondBlue's Dr Stephen Carbone said while socially isolated men can get by, they do better in the long run with some friends in their life because humans are social creatures and they do better together.

However, men can be their own worst enemies. They might crave greater openness with friends to talk about personal problems but many admit they lack the skills to start these conversations, or don't know how to respond when a friend opens up to them.

Some believe men should be silent, resilient, unemotional and self-reliant. If they follow this lead, it makes it harder for them to engage with others, especially other men. For whatever reason, they may stop making the effort, when in truth, social networks need to be nurtured and kept active. ■





ZUCCHINI PIZZA BASE

Ingredients

- 4-6 zucchini, grated (4 cups in total)
- 1 tsp Sea salt
- 1/3 cup parmesan cheese, grated
- 1/4 cup chickpea flour
- 1/3 cup goat cheese, grated
- 1 clove garlic, minced
- 1 tsp dried oregano
- 1 tsp dried basil
- 1 egg, lightly beaten
- Olive oil for greasing
- Preferred pizza toppings

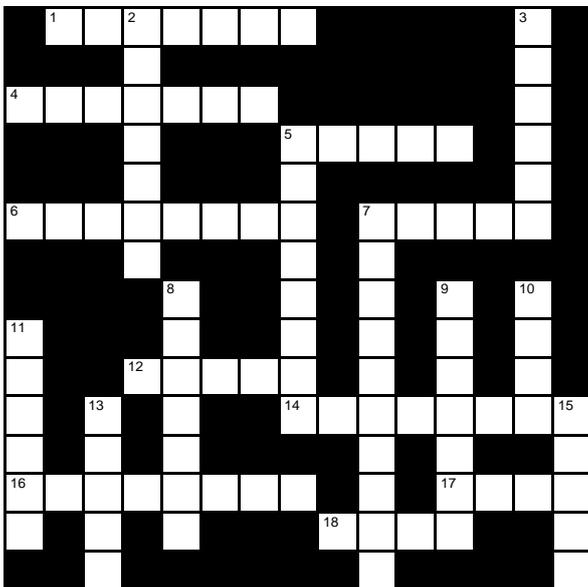


1. Preheat fan-forced oven to 230C. Put pizza stone in the oven.
2. In a large bowl, toss the shredded zucchini with the salt and set aside for 10-15 minutes.
3. Squeeze the excess moisture out of the zucchini by wrapping it up in a clean kitchen towel or cheesecloth. Discard the liquid.
4. Place the zucchini into a bowl and add the parmesan, flour, goat cheese, garlic, oregano, basil, and egg and mix well.
5. Put the zucchini mixture on a piece of baking paper on a tray. Spread the

zucchini mixture to form a circle about 1/3 inch thick. Form the edges up so that it forms an outer 'crust'.

6. Transfer to the heated pizza stone in the oven. Bake for 8-10 minutes or until the crust starts to brown.
7. Top the pizza with a tomato-based sauce and your preference of toppings. Transfer the pizza back onto the heated pizza stone and bake in the oven for an additional 4 minutes until topping and cheese bubbles.

CROSSWORD



Across

- 1 Intoxicating drink (7)
- 4 Fibrous tissue uterus (7)
- 5 Pumps blood around the body (5)
- 6 Fights infection, an ___ (8)
- 7 Mucosal-lined skull cavity (5)
- 12 Excreted by the kidneys (5)
- 14 Constantly moving (8)
- 16 Bed-wetting medical term (8)
- 17 What you breathe through (4)
- 18 Stand on your own ___ (4)

Down

- 2 ___ illness lingers (7)
- 3 Womb (6)
- 5 Means sneezing around pollens(3,5)
- 7 Confidence in yourself (4-6)
- 8 A person involved with someone else (7)
- 9 Produced by grasses in Spring (7)
- 10 Used to see (4)
- 11 Filter waste products from the blood (6)
- 13 Spores can come from ___ (5)
- 15 Everyone needs enough ___ (5)

Laughter - the Best Medicine!

■ There are two types of guests: those who want to stay longer, and those who want to go home asap. Strangely enough, both types are normally found in married couples.

■ The organisers complain to the concert choir master:

"What happened to the mixed choir, there are only men here?"

"But it is a mixed choir" he replied, "half can sing, and the other half can't".



John Parry Medical Centre

● SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

Communication. A doctor is available during normal surgery hours for emergency advice. Our staff are experienced in deciding the appropriate response to any phone request. SMS confirmations will be sent to patients with mobile phone numbers the day before their appointment. Please indicate with a Y or N whether you will be attending.

Follow Up. A computerised reminder system is available and used for follow up of many medical conditions. If you wish to participate in this, please inform your doctor. This surgery participates in State & National registers.

Interpreter. An interpreter service can be accessed for your consultation. Please discuss this with reception prior to your appointment to arrange an interpreter.

Cultural Background Details.

Please advise reception staff or your doctor of any cultural background when you arrive for your appointment.

Emergency Contact Details need to be updated on your patient files. Please see reception staff or your doctor when you arrive for your appointment.

Patient Privacy. This practice protects your personal health information to ensure it is only available to authorised staff members for the intended purposes and to comply with the Privacy Act. To obtain a copy of our Privacy Statement or your medical records, please ask.

Patient Feedback. We welcome your comments or suggestions. Please feel free to talk to your GP or the Practice Manager regarding any issues. If you prefer, you can contact The Health and Disability Services Complaints Office (HaDSCO) Free Call: 1 800 813 583, E: mail@hadsco.wa.gov.au

This Medical Centre is Telehealth enabled.

This practice has a no smoking policy.